

LIGHT

Item No. LG-05PD4P

2010
LG-QR-R009-04n-US251.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	100	mW
Reverse Voltage	30	V
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~+85°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C ~+100°C	
IR Reflow Temperature*4	220°C for 10 Seconds	

1. Storage

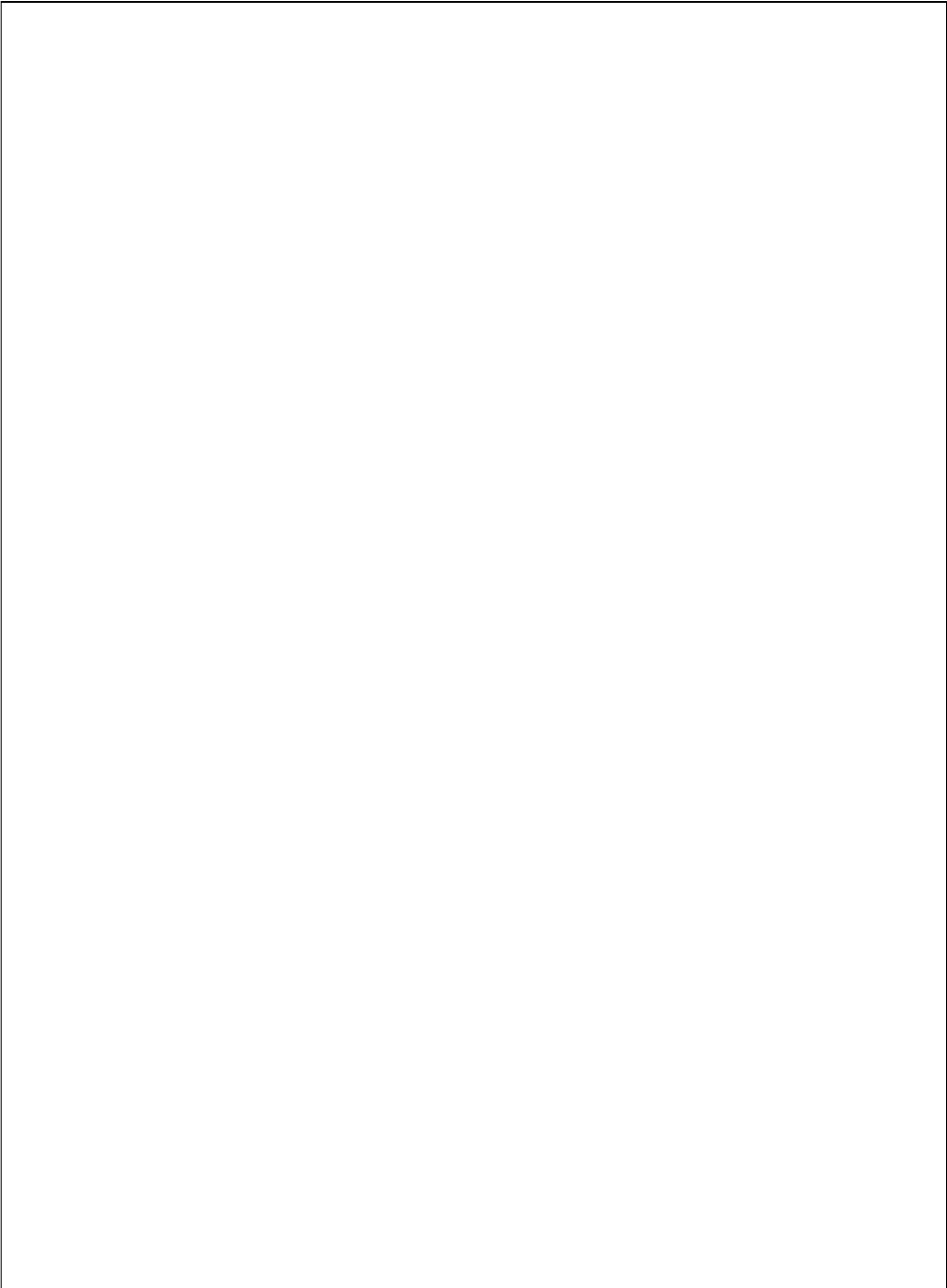
The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30 °C temperature or 70% relative humidity.

It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are used within three months.

For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant or in desiccators with nitrogen ambient.

2. Precautions in handling:

- When soldering, leave 2mm of minimum clearance from the resin to the soldering point.
- Dipping the resin to solder must be avoided.
- Correcting the soldered position after soldering must be avoided.
- In soldering, do not apply any stress to the lead frame particularly when heated.
- When forming a lead, make sure not to apply any stress inside the resin.
- Lead forming must be done before soldering.
- It is necessary to cut the lead frame at normal temperature.



PACKAGE

LED MOUNTING METHOD

1. The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures.(Fig.1)

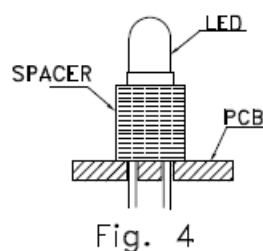
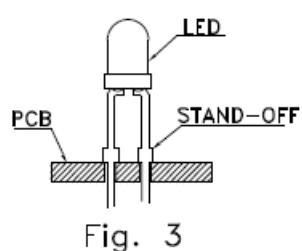
-2:Do not route PCB

Trace in the contact area between the leadframe and the PCB to prevent short-circuit.

2. When soldering wire to the LED, use individual heat-shrink tubing to insulate the exposed leads to prevent accidental contact short-circuit (Fig.2)



3. Use stand-offs (Fig.3) or spacers (Fig.4) to securely position the LED above the PCB.



LEAD FORMING PROCEDURES

1. Maintain a minimum of 2mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend (Fig.5 and Fig.6).
2. Lead forming or bending must be performed before soldering, never during or after soldering.
3. Do not stress the LED lens during lead-forming in order to fractures in the lens epoxy and damage the internal structures.
4. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB (Fig.7).
5. Do not bend the leads more than twice(Fig.8)
6. After soldering or other high-temperature assembly, allow the component to cool slowly to room temperature before handling.

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Part No. I B-B-T

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