



DATA SHEET

 SPEC. NO.
 :
 SZ22101401

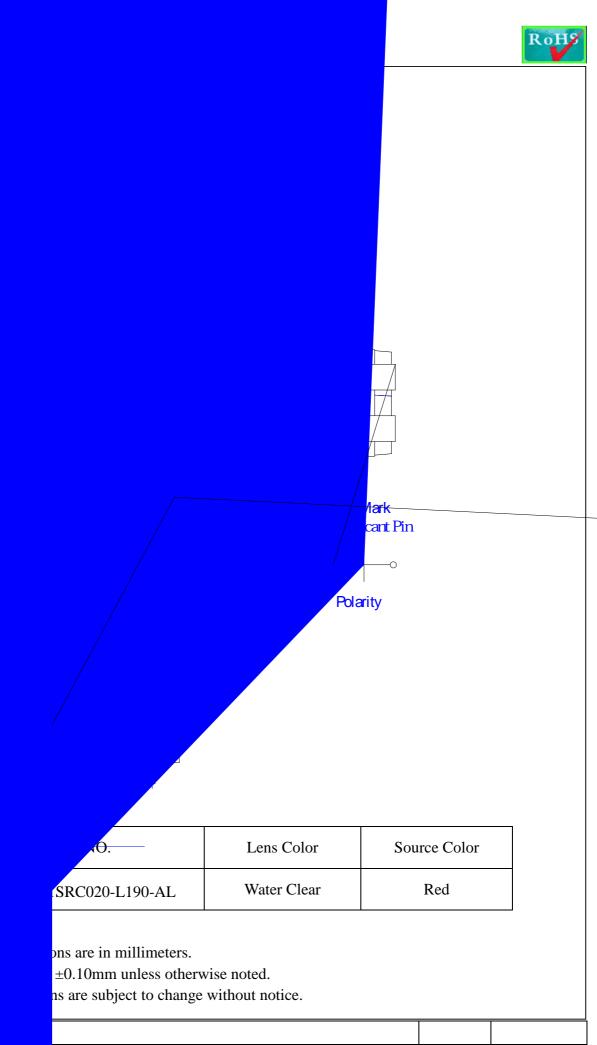
 DATE
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 2022/10/14

 REV.
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Approved By:

Checked By:

Prepared By:



LIGHT



Parameter	Symbol		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	Iv	S12	145		185	mcd	I _F =20mA (Note 1)
		S13	185		240		
		S14	240		310		
Viewing Angle	2 1/2			110		Deg.	(Note 2)
Peak Emission Wavelength	р			635		nm	I _F =20mA
Dominant Wavelength	d	R1	619		624	nm	I _F =20mA (Note 3)
		R2	624		629		
Spectral Line Half-Width				15		nm	I _F =20mA
Forward Voltage	V _F	V2	1.9		2.1	v	I _F =20mA
		V3	2.1		2.3		
Reverse Current	I _R				10	μΑ	V _R =5V

1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve. Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±15%.

2. $_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

3. The dominant wavelength, d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device. Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength: ± 1.0 nm.

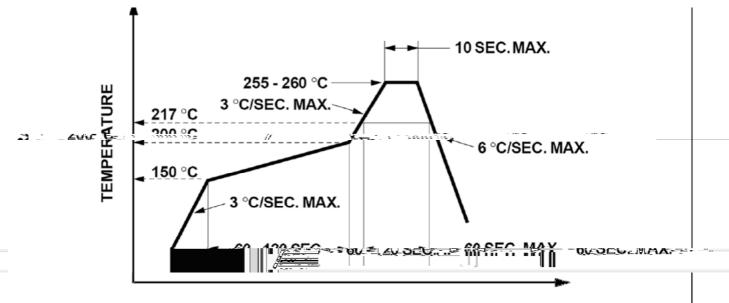
4. Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ± 0.1 V.





RoHS

Suggest IR Reflow Condition For Lead Free





- 1. Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 2. When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.

- 1. When hand soldering, the temperature of the iron must less than 300° C for 3 seconds.
- 2. The hand solder should be done only once.

Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

